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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/697,009	10/25/2000	Bruce L. Davis	098888-1561	4530
99103 Foley & Lardne	7590 03/16/201 er LLP	EXAMINER		
150 EAST GILMAN STREET			JANVIER, JEAN D	
P.O. BOX 1497 MADISON, WI			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3688	
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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
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4	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS
5	AND INTERFERENCES
6	
7	
8	Ex parte BRUCE L. DAVIS and
9	GEOFFREY B. RHOADS
10	
11	
12	Appeal 2010-002996
13	Application 09/697,009
14	Technology Center 3600
15	
16	
17	Before HUBERT C. LORIN, ANTON W. FETTING, and
18	JOSEPH A. FISCHETTI, Administrative Patent Judges.
19	FETTING, Administrative Patent Judge.

DECISION ON APPEAL<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The two-month time period for filing an appeal or commencing a civil action, as recited in 37 C.F.R. § 1.304, or for filing a request for rehearing, as recited in 37 C.F.R. § 41.52, begins to run from the "MAIL DATE" (paper delivery mode) or the "NOTIFICATION DATE" (electronic delivery mode) shown on the PTOL-90A cover letter attached to this decision.

1	STATEMENT OF THE CASE <sup>2</sup>
2	Bruce L. Davis and Geoffrey B. Rhoads (Appellants) seek review under
3	35 U.S.C. § 134 (2002) of a final rejection of claims 2 and 5-7, the only
4	claims pending in the application on appeal. We have jurisdiction over the
5	appeal pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 6(b) (2002).
6	The Appellants invented a way of using digitally marked objects with
7	promotional campaigns (Specification 1:8-10).
8	An understanding of the invention can be derived from a reading of
9	exemplary claim 5, which is reproduced below [bracketed matter and some
10	paragraphing added].
11	5. A method comprising:
12 13	[1] presenting a digitally watermarked object to a reader device at a first location,
14	decoding information from the watermark, and
15	triggering a first response thereto; and
16	[2] presenting the object to a reader device at a second location,
17	decoding information from the watermark, and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Our decision will make reference to the Appellants' Appeal Brief ("App. Br.," filed March 16, 2006) and Reply Brief ("Reply Br.," filed December 7, 2009), and the Supplemental Examiner's Answer ("Ans.," mailed October 6, 2009).

1	triggering a second, different, response thereto.
2	The Examiner relies upon the following prior art:
	Lemon US 4,674,041 Jun. 16, 1987
3	Claims 2 and 5-7 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as
4	unpatentable over Lemon.
5	ISSUES
6	The issue of obviousness turns on whether there is evidence to show it
7	was predictable to one of ordinary skill to use a watermark with Lemon.
8	FACTS PERTINENT TO THE ISSUES
9	The following enumerated Findings of Fact (FF) are believed to be
10	supported by a preponderance of the evidence.
11	Facts Related to the Prior Art - Lemon
12	01. Lemon is directed to distributing coupons or other redemption
13	certificates for retail sales of merchandise. Lemon 1:7-9.
14	02. Lemon uses digital data encoded on the magnetic stripe of a
15	credit card for its promotions. Lemon 5:32-6:11. Lemon does not
16	describe using watermarks.
17	ANALYSIS
18	We agree with the Appellants, that Lemon fails to describe using
19	watermarks and the Examiner has provided no evidence to show it was
20	predictable to one of ordinary skill to use a watermark with Lemon.

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1	Although the Specification does not define a digital watermark, the term
2	is well understood in the graphic arts as data encoded into a digital image. <sup>3</sup>
3	Clearly the credit card stripe used by Lemon does not fit within this and the
4	Examiner found so. Instead, the Examiner took official notice of the
5	notoriety of digital watermarks. Ans. 7. While we agree digital watermarks
6	are notoriously well known, that does not resolve the issue of whether it was
7	predictable to trigger two different responses at two different devices after
8	reading the same watermark. The Examiner apparently found that such a
9	watermark would have been predictably used in place of Lemon's credit
10	card stripe, but no evidence or even convincing line of reasoning why one of
11	ordinary skill would have thought to make that substitution is provided. The
12	Examiner instead found that such a digital watermark was non-functional
13	descriptive material, which we cannot agree with since the claim
14	functionally responds to the same watermark in two different manners.
15	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
16	Rejecting claims 2 and 5-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as unpatentable
17	over Lemon is in error.
18	DECISION
19	The rejection of claims 2 and 5-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as
20	unpatentable over Lemon is not sustained.
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>PhotoNotes.org Dictionary of Film and Digital Photography http://photonotes.org/cgi-bin/entry.pl?id=Digitalwatermark

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7	Address
8	DIGIMARC CORPORATION
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9	9405 SW GEMINI DRIVE
10	BEAVERTON OR 97008